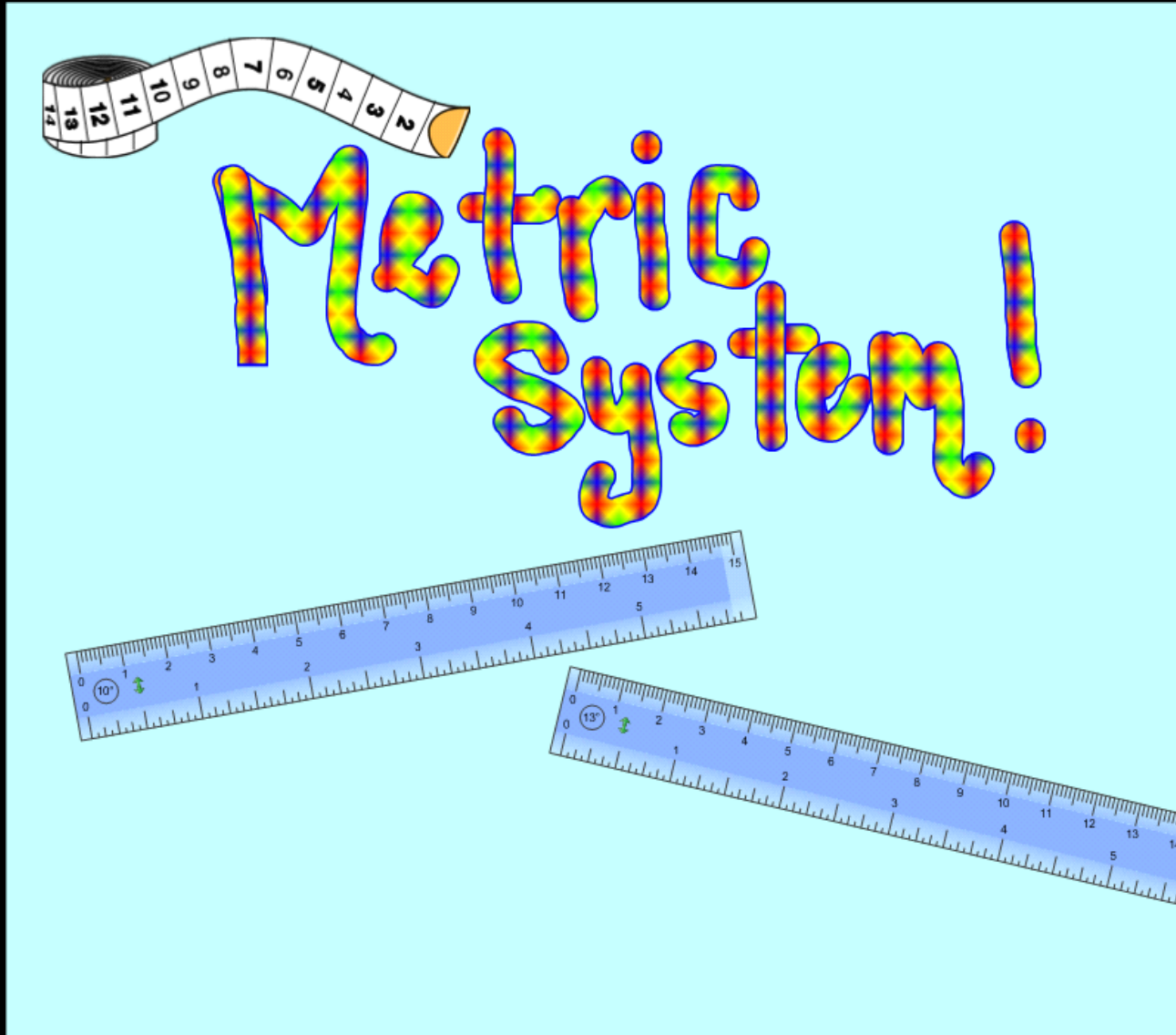


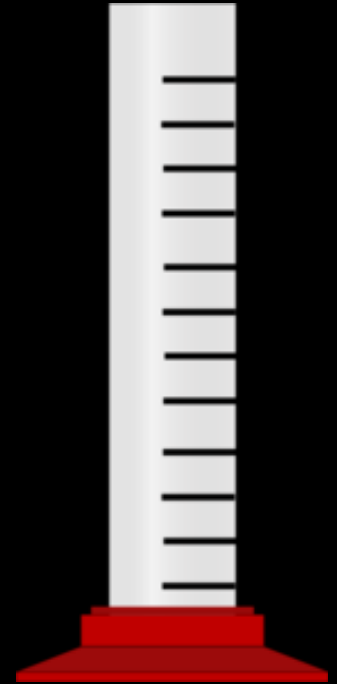
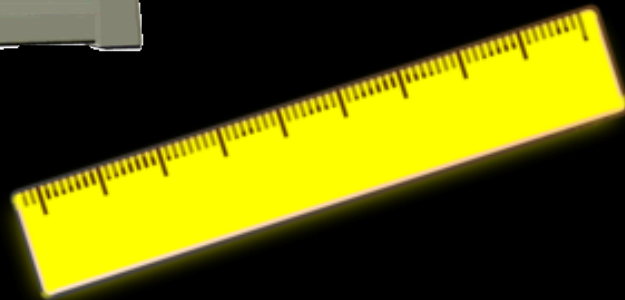
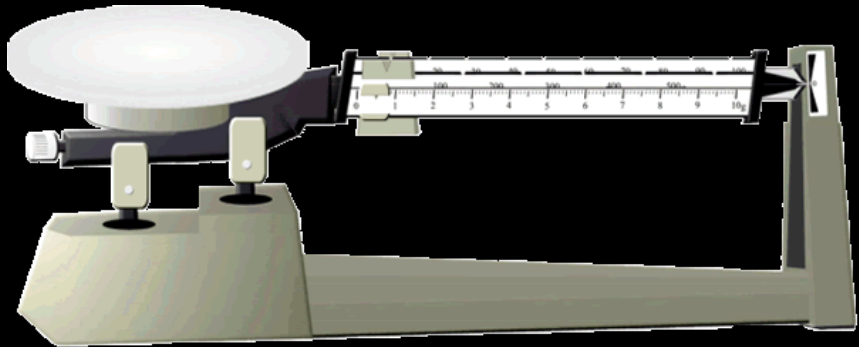
Metric System – Pt. 1



Learning Objectives

- Identify the basic metric units used to measure length, weight, and volume.
- List the common metric prefixes.

Metric System



- The **metric system** is an internationally agreed decimal system of measurement based on powers of 10.

Base Unit

Standard Base Unit of Measurement:

Length -	Meter (m)
Mass (weight) -	Gram (g)
Volume -	Liter (l)
Temperature -	Degree Celsius (C)
Time -	Second (s)

Metric System Prefixes

Kilo (k) - 1000

Hecto (h) - 100

Deca (da) - 10

Base Unit - 1

Deci (d) - 0.1

Centi (c) - 0.01

Milli (m) - 0.001

King

Henry

Died

By

Drinking

Chocolate

Milk

When you add a **prefix** to a base unit, you change it's value.

Metric System

Prefix + Base Unit = Metric System value

Example:

<u>Prefix</u>	+	<u>Base Unit</u>
centi	+	meter

= centimeter

Write the Correct Abbreviation

1. Kilogram kg

5. Kilometer km

2. Meter m

6. Centimeter cm

3. Milliliter ml

7. Milligram mg

4. Liter L or l

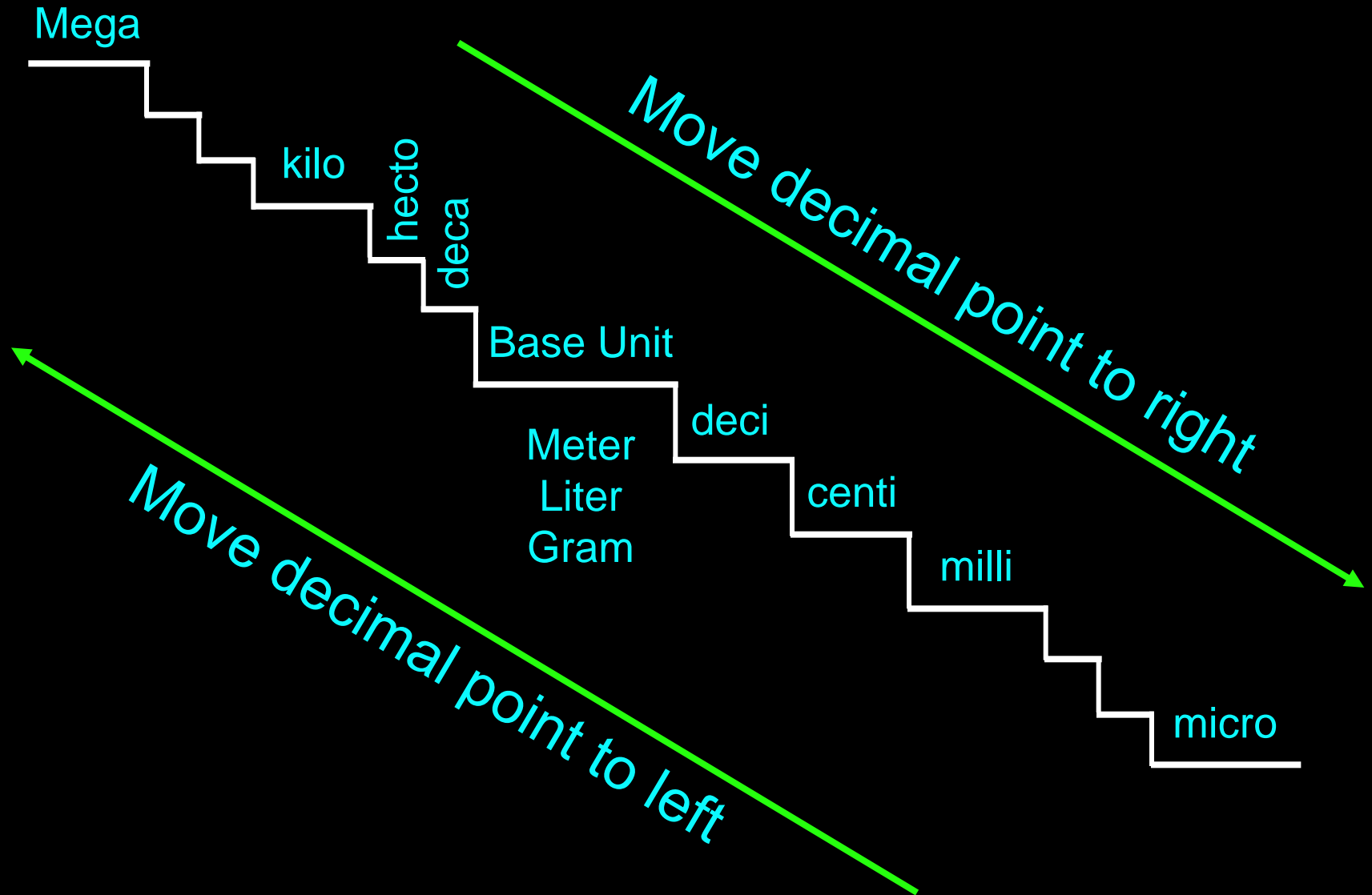
8. Gram g

Conversion Chaos

Sometimes we need to convert meters to centimeters or kilometers. How do we do that?

Conversion Ladder Method

Conversion Ladder Method



Conversion Steps

1. Determine your starting point.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 4 \text{ km} & = & \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ m} \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \text{Starting Point} & & \text{Ending Point} \end{array}$$

2. Count the # of “jumps” to your end point using your ladder.

3. Move the decimal the same number of jumps in the same direction.

$$4. \underline{\hspace{1cm}}. \underline{\hspace{1cm}}. \underline{\hspace{1cm}}. = 4000 \text{ m}$$

Conversion Ladder Practice

Try these conversions using the ladder method

1. 2000 mg = ____ g

6. 5 L = ____ ml

2. 104 km = ____ m

7. 198 g = ____ kg

3. 480 cm = ____ m

8. ____ ml = .075 L

4. ____ kg = 5600 g

9. 50 cm = ____ m

5. 8 mm = ____ cm

10. 65 g = ____ mg

Conversion Ladder Practice

Which is larger?

1. 1 L or 1500 ml

1 L = _____ ml or
_____ L = 1500 ml

2. 200 ml or 1.2 L

200 ml = _____ L or
_____ ml = 1.2 L

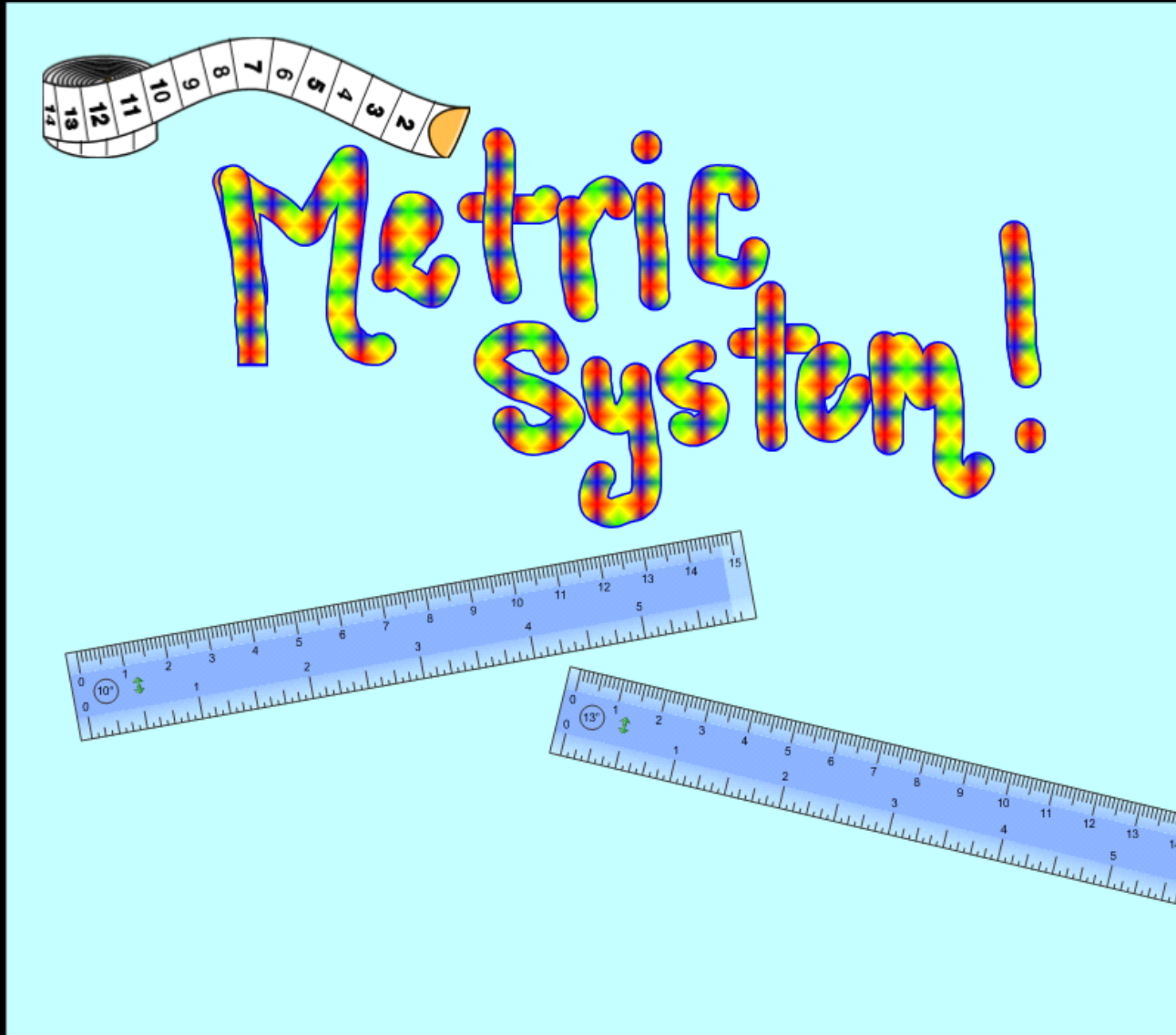
3. 12 cm or 1.2 m

12 cm = _____ m or
_____ cm = 1.2 m

Stop Here



Metric System – Part 2

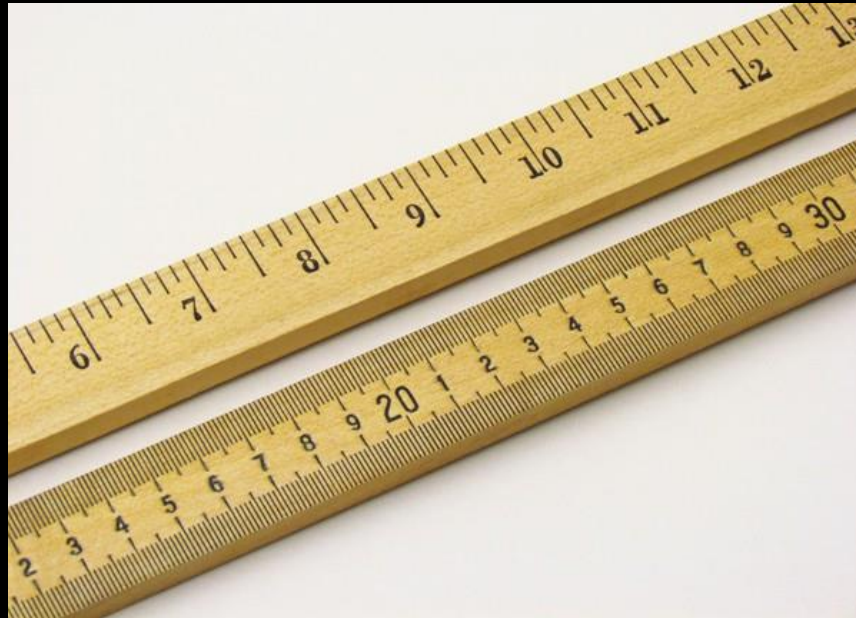


Learning Objectives

- Demonstrate proficiency in measuring length, volume and mass in metric units.
- Measure irregular objects

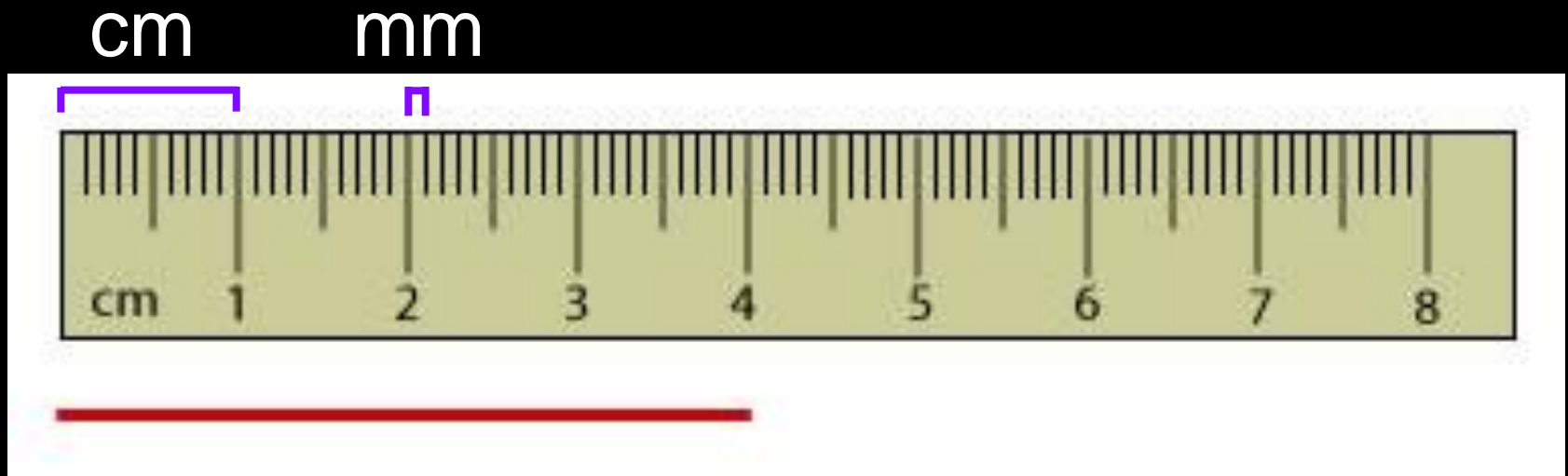
Measuring Length

Length – the longest extent of anything as measured from end to end.



The base unit of length is the **meter** (m)

Measuring Length



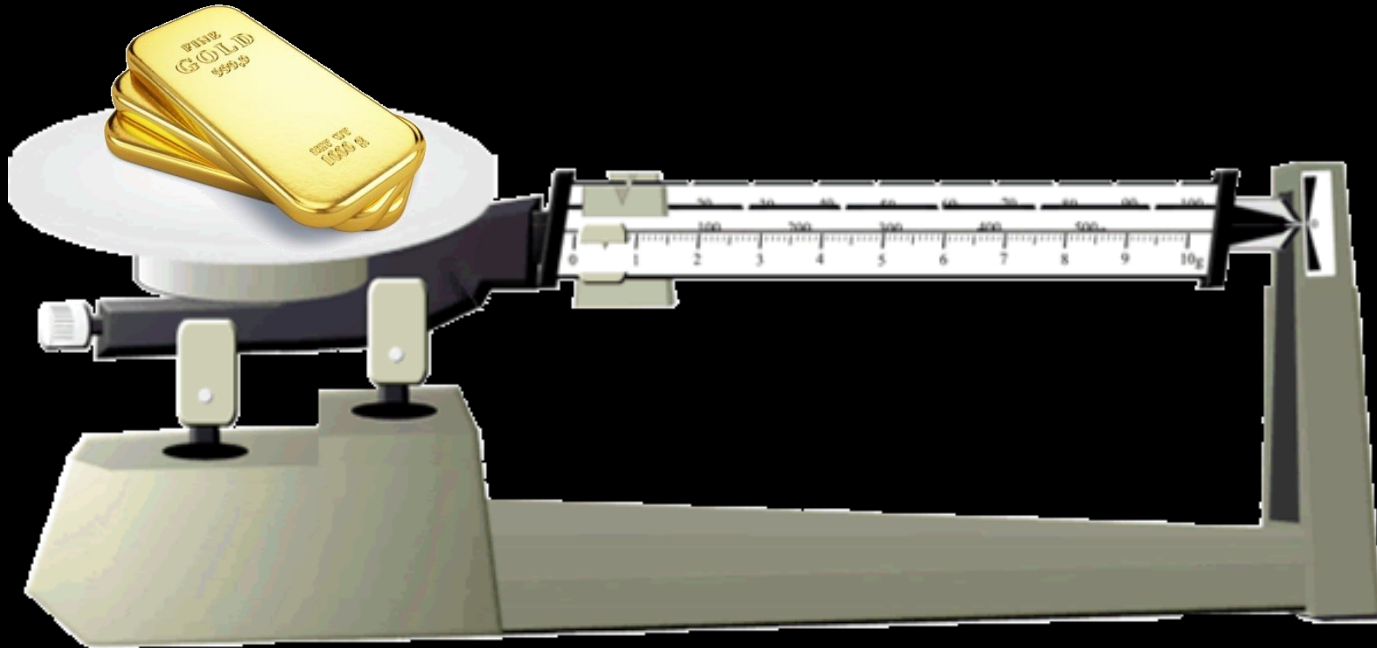
How many millimeters (mm) are in 1 centimeter (cm)?

What is the length of the **red** line in centimeters (cm)?

What is the length of the **red** line in millimeters (mm)?

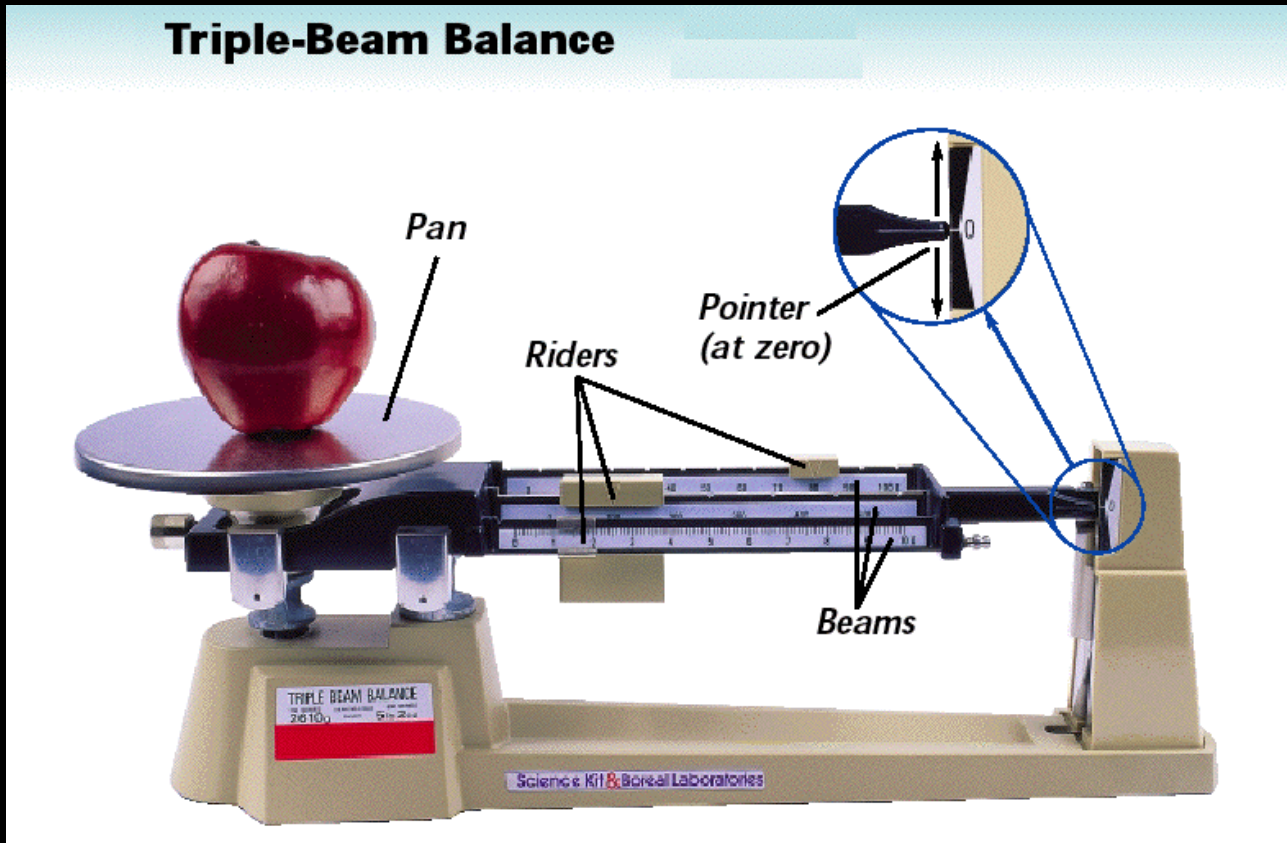
Measuring Mass

Mass refers to the amount of matter in an object.



The base unit of mass is the **gram (g)**. To measure mass, we use a balance or scale.

How to Use a Triple Beam Balance



Zero the balance then add the object onto the weight pan. Slide the largest rider, then the medium, then smallest until the pointer is steady at zero. Add the values to get the total.

Measuring Volume

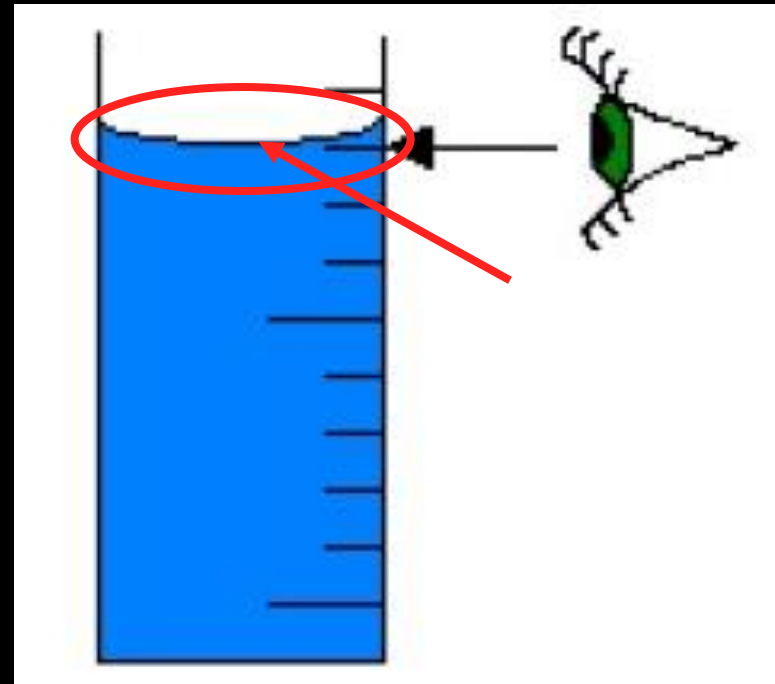
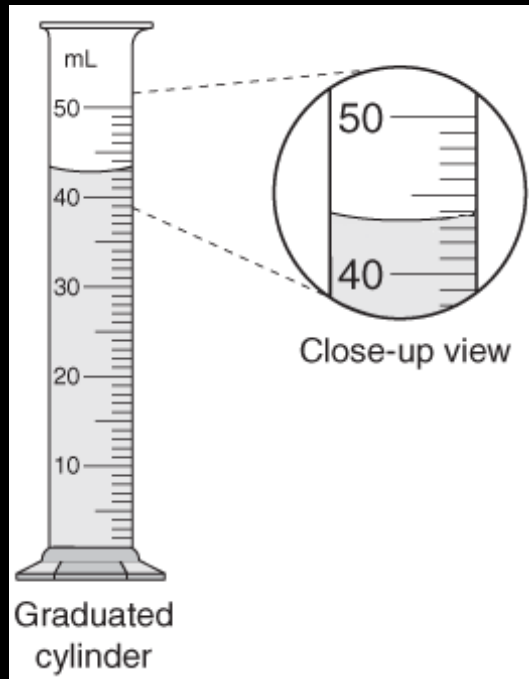
Volume is the amount of space an object takes up.



The base unit of volume is the **liter (L or l)**. To measure volume, we use a graduated cylinder.

Meniscus

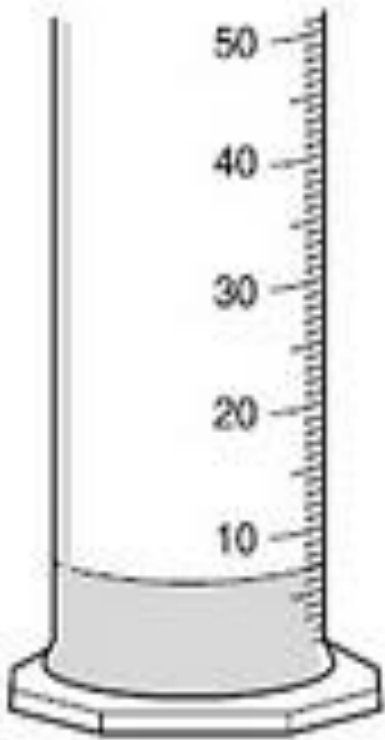
Volume is measured at the bottom of the **meniscus**.



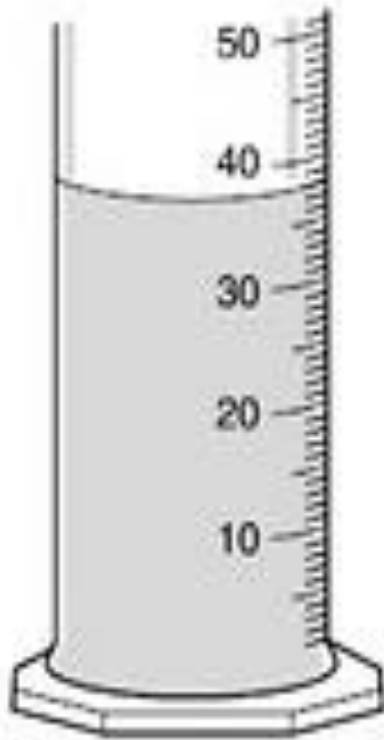
A concave meniscus occurs when the molecules of the liquid are attracted to the sides of the container.

Measuring Volume

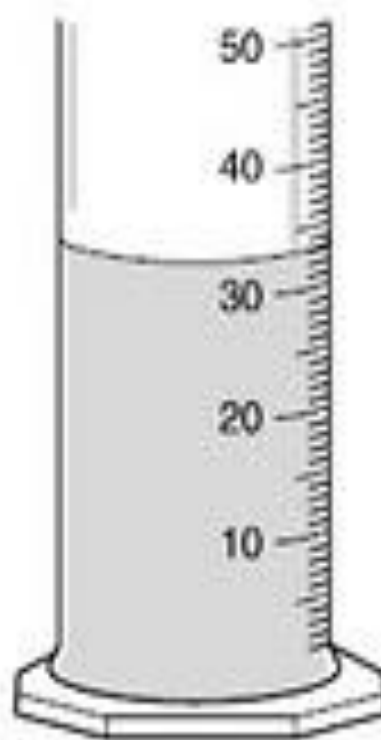
What is the volume in each graduated cylinder?



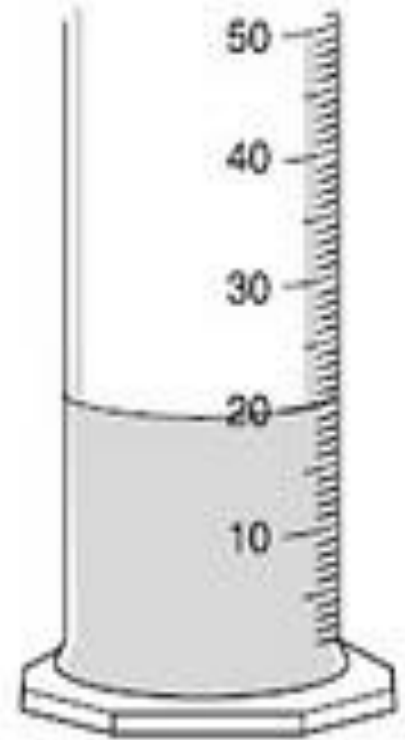
1. 6 ml



2. 37 ml



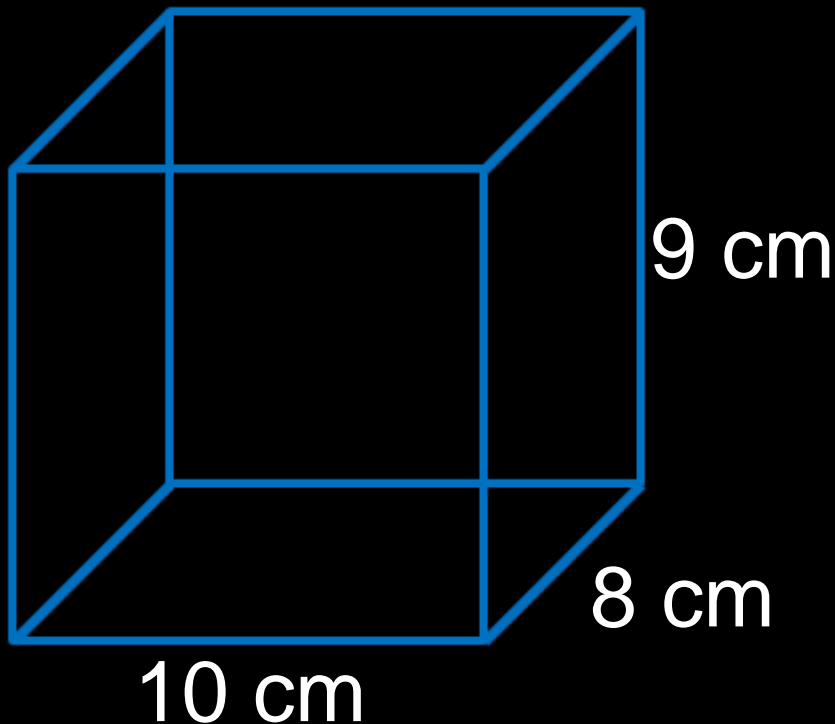
3. 32 ml



4. 19 ml

Measuring the Volume of Regular-Shaped Objects

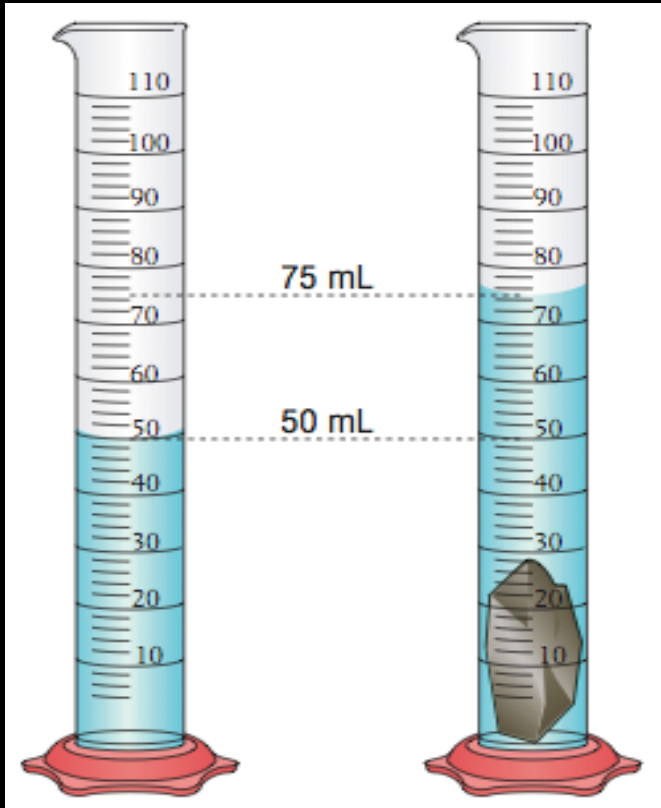
We can measure the volume of a regular object using the formula: **Length X Width X Height**



$$10 \times 8 \times 9 = 720 \text{ cm}^3$$

Measuring the Volume of Irregular-Shaped Objects

We can measure the volume of an irregular object using the **Water Displacement Method**



Amt. of H₂O w/ object = 75 ml

Amt. of H₂O w/o object = 50 ml

Difference = 25 ml

YouTube
The Metric System
Explained

No Cussing!

The following 4-Letter
Words are forbidden here:

Inch

Mile

Foot

Pint

Yard

Acre

And we never swear the **Big F** (use °C)

Please keep it clean and

Metric

Stop Here

