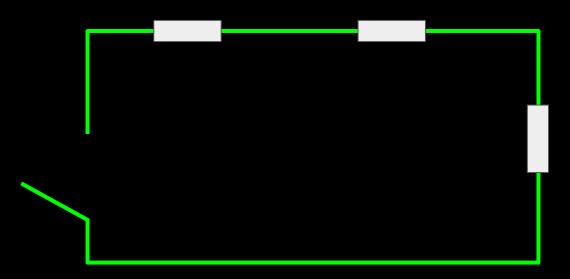
# Sketching a Crime Scene



### Sketching a Crime Scene

### Step 1 - Draw Outline



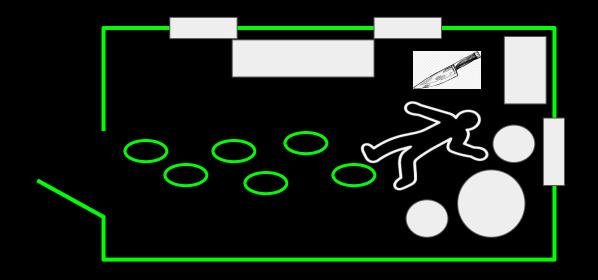
Windows = rectangles
Doors = openings in the outline

#### Step 2 - Measure the Room



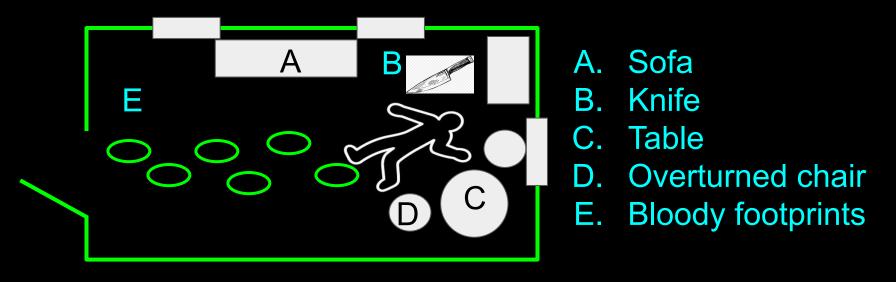
Measure the room and label the sketch

#### Step 3 - Add Details



Sketch in the furniture and location of evidence using basic shapes (circles & squares)

#### Step 4 - Label Items



Label each item with a number or letter, then write the name of the item in a key

### Step 5

Label the diagram with the date, time, location, and victim's name (if known)

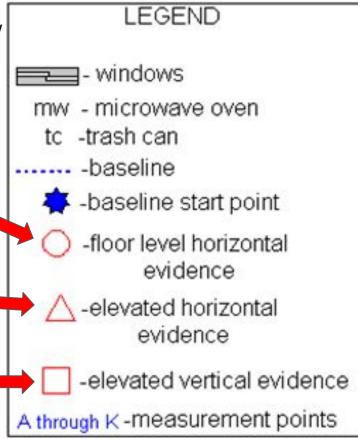
■Note: An unknown victim is commonly given the name of John Doe or Jane Doe

#### **MORE ON USING THE LEGEND...**

When an item in the crime scene is level with the floor, draw a small circle on the item to show this:

When a horizontal item in the crime scene is higher than the floor or elevated, draw a triangle on the item to show this:

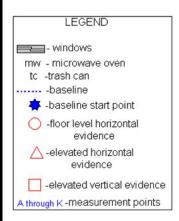
When a vertical item in the crime scene is higher than the floor or elevated, draw a triangle on the item to show this:

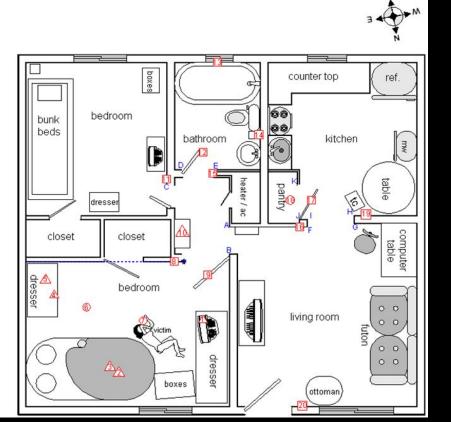


#### Example:

Homicide 9-20-08 / 1619-08 3005 Pleasant av. apt.2B diagram by investigator E.M. Henderson

#### NOT TO SCALE

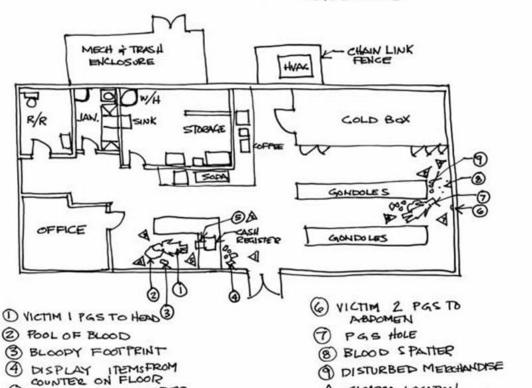




#### Example:

DOUBLE HOMICIDE OCT. 1,2009 SKETCH PREPARED BY NANCY E. OVER STREET 18:20 HOURS

(5) OPEN CASH REGISTER



A CAMERA LOCATION

## Stop Here

